

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2013

International GCSE Mathematics A (4MAO) Paper 3H

Level 1 / Level 2 Certificate in Mathematics (KMA0) Paper 3H



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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.

Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.

- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Types of mark
 - o M marks: method marks
 - o A marks: accuracy marks
 - B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)

Abbreviations

- cao correct answer only
- o ft follow through
- o isw ignore subsequent working
- o SC special case
- o oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- o dep dependent
- o indep independent
- o eeoo each error or omission

No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

PMT

• With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.

Any case of suspected misread loses A (and B) marks on that part, but can gain the M marks.

If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.

If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.

If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

• Follow through marks

Follow through marks which involve a single stage calculation can be awarded without working since you can check the answer yourself, but if ambiguous do not award.

Follow through marks which involve more than one stage of calculation can only be awarded on sight of the relevant working, even if it appears obvious that there is only one way you could get the answer given.

Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.

Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

• Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another.

Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
	1 (0.10 0.0 0.00 0.00)			
1. (a)	1 - (0.18 + 0.2 + 0.23 + 0.22)			M1 1-0.83
		0.17	2	A1
1. (b)	40 x 0.2			M1
		8	2	A1 8 out of $40 = M1A1 8/40 = M1A0$
				Total 4 marks
2. (i)		$2x + 2(x+2) = 2 \times 2x + 2 \times 4x$	2	B2 Must be an equation based on perimeter
		or $4x + 4 = 12x$		or semi-perimeter with x's on both sides of
		or $x + (x+2) = 2x + 4x$		equation
		or $2x + 2 = 6x$		
				If not B2 then B1 for $\{2x+2(x+2)\}$ or $\{2x\}$
				2x + 2x 4x

				If not B2 then B1 for $\{2x + 2(x+2)\}$ or $\{2 x 2x + 2 x 4x\}$ or $\{4x + 4\}$ or $12x$ i.e correct perimeter of A or B or $\{x + (x+2)\}$ or $\{2x + 4x\}$ or $\{2x + 2\}$ or $6x$ i.e correct semi-perimeter of A or B
2. (ii)	4x + 4 = 12x or $2x + 2 = 6x$			
	4 = 8x or 2 = 4x			M1 One step from co
		0.5	2	A1 Allow numerical methods. Correct answer only = M1A1
				Total 4 marks

3. (a)	45/625 x 100				M1		
			7.2	2	A1		
3. (b)	8/100 x 45 (= 3.6)				M1		or M2 for 45 x 1.08
	45 + "3.6"				M1 de	ep	
			48.6(0)	3	A1		
3. (c)	640 - 625 (= 15)				M1	640/625 (=	625/640 (= 0.976 or
	"15" / 625 or "15" / 640				M1	1.024)	0.977)
			2.4	3	dep	"1.024" – 1	1 – "0.976" (=
					A1	(= 0.024)	0.0234)
3. (d)	$18 \div 1 \ 1/3 \text{ or } 18 \div 1.33 \text{ (2dp or better) or}$	$18 \div 80 \ge 60$			M2	M1 for	1 1/3 or 18 ÷1.2 (=15)
						or 18 ÷ 1.3 (13.	8) or 18 ÷ 80 (=0.225)
			13.5	3	A1 ca	0	
							Total 11 marks

4. (a)	Q correct		B3 Bottom LH corner goes to $(4, -2)$
			If not B3 then B2 for correct size T shape in
			wrong position but with correct orientation
			If not B2 then B1 for T shape with 2 or more
		3	sides of correct length and correct orientation
4. (b)	R correct		B2 Bottom LH corner goes to (-11,3)
		2	If not B2 then B1 for rotation of $\pm 90^{\circ}$ (wrong
			position)
			Total 5 marks

5.	2y = 6 or 4x = -6			M1 Adding or subtracting correctly or
				correct substitution leading to one correct
		x = -1.5 y = 3	3	equation and one unknown.
				A1 A1 dep on M1 awarded otherwise M0A0
				Total 3 marks

6. (a)			$25 < d \le 30$	1	B1 identifies $25 \rightarrow 30$ class
6. (b)	(12 x 2.5) + (6 x 7.5) + (4 x 12.5) + (6 x 1 22.5) + (18 x 27.5) (totals: 30, 45, 50, 105, 315, 495)	.7.5) + (14 x			M2 do not have to see intention to add If not M2 then M1 for freq x consistent
			1040	3	interval value (890 = freq x lower limit, 1190 = freq x upper limit) or 3 or more correct products stated or evaluated
					A1 isw if 1040 calculated correctly and correct mean calculation follows ($1040 \div 60 =$ 17.3 or better)
					Total 4 marks

7. (i)	$-2 - 2 < x \text{ and } x \le 5 - 2$			M1 condone omission/addition of "equals" in
		$-4 < x \le 3$	2	inequalities
				A1cao accept $x > -4$ and $x \le 3$ (both
				present)
7. (ii)	-4			B2 ft ft for an inequality where range lies
	•		2	between -5 and $+5$
				If not B2ft then B1ft for correct values but
				wrong shading of end circles
				Total 4 marks

8. (a)	7.9 x cos 38° or 7.9 x sin 52°			M2	M1 for cos 38° or sin 52° selected
		6.23	3	A1	6.2252 awrt 6.23
8. (b)		37.5	1	B1	
(i)					
8.		38.5 or 38.49 rec	1	B1	
(b)(ii)					
					Total 5 marks

					Total 5 marks
		1:400 oe	2	A1	M1 A0 for 400 or 400:1 with no working
9. (c)	$(1.4 \text{ x } 10^6) \div (3.5 \text{ x } 10^3)$			M 1	Correct values with intention to divide
		7×10^4	2	A1	M1 A0 for 70000 with no working
9. (b)	$1.2 \ge 10^5 - 5.0 \ge 10^4$ or 70000			M 1	Correct values with intention to subtract
9. (a)		Mars	1	B1	Accept 6.8 x 10^3 oe

10. (a)	Correct $v \div h$	1.5 oe	2	M1 A1 e.g. $6 \div 4$ accept improper fractions (e.g $3/2$) N.B. $1.5x = M1A0$
10. (b)		y = ``1.5''x - 10e	1	B1 ft from (a)
10. (c)	y = "1.5"x + c oe or "1.5" $x + 3or 0 = -2 x gradient from (a) + c$	<i>y</i> = "1.5" <i>x</i> + "c" oe	2	M1ft from (a) $c \neq -1$ (c must be a numeric value) (substituting $y = 0$ and $x = -2$ into $y = mx + c$) A1ft "c" = follow through using numeric value of gradient in (a)
				Total 5 marks

11.	2.1 - 1.7 (= 0.4) $6^{2} + "0.4"^{2} (= 36.16)$ $\sqrt{"36.16"}$	6.01	4	M1 M1 dep M1 dep A1 awrt 6.01 N.B. Accept working in cms throughout for method marks
				Total 4 marks

12.	$\frac{A}{2\pi r} = r + h \text{ or } A = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r h$	$\frac{A}{2nr} - r = h \text{ oe}$	2	M1 Correct first step A1 e.g. $\frac{A-2\pi r^2}{2\pi r}$ Give full credit to equivalent correct expressions
				Total 2 marks

13. (i)	5 x 8			M1 Or any correct fd marked on vertical axis
				(2, 4 etc) with no errors
		40	2	or 1 square = 4 students
				A1
13.	Missing blocks = 5cm, 6cm, 1.5cm		2	B2 3 correct blocks
(ii)				If not B2 then B1 for 1 or 2 correct blocks
				Total 4 marks

14.	Black circle = 0.3 White region = 0.6			B1 B1
(a)	All values "correct" for second shot		3	B1ft Allow ft if each group of 3 branches on
				second arrow all sum to1 and are consistent
				with first arrow branches
14.	Any one correct product in numerical form			M1ft e.g. (Black, Miss) or (Miss, Black) or
(b)	e.g. ("0.3" x 0.1) or			(White, White)
	(0.1 x "0.3") or ("0.6" x "0.6")			
	("0.3"x 0.1) + (0.1x "0.3") + ("0.6" x "0.6")			
		0.42oe	3	M1ft 3 "correct" products with intention to
				add
				A1 cao
				Total 6 marks

15. (i)	18	1	B1
15.	15	1	B1
(ii)			
15.	9	1	B1
(iii)			
15.	22	1	B1
(iv)			
			Total 4 marks

16.	$7^2 = 9^2 + 13^2 - 2 \ge 9 \ge 13 \cos x$ oe			M1	
	$234 \cos x = 201$			M 1	or $\cos x = 0.86$ or better
		30.8	3	A1	30.798 awrt 30.8
					Total 3 marks

17.	(2x-5)(2x+5)			M2 If not M2 then M1 for numerator or
	(2x+5)(3x-1)	(2	-	denominator correct
		(2x-5)	3	
		(3 <i>x</i> – 1)		Al
				Total 3 marks

				Total 7 marks
		(1/2 , 6)	4	A1, A1
	$x = \frac{1}{2}$			
~ /	$ \begin{array}{l} \text{``16x'' + `` - 2/x^2 '' = 0} \\ \text{16x = 2/x^2} \\ x^3 = 1/8 \\ x = \frac{1}{2} \end{array} $			M1 x^3 isolated
(b)	$16x = 2/x^2$			
18.	" $16x$ " + " $-2/x^2$ " = 0			M1
(a) (ii)				
(a)		$-2 x^{-2}$ oe	2	A1
18.	$2x^{-1}$			M1
18. (a) (i)				
18.		16 <i>x</i>	1	B1

19. (a)	$2 \ge 3 x \ge (x + 10)(3x + 20)$ or $6x^2 = (x + 10)(3x + 20)$			M2 If not M2 then M1 for $2 \times 3x \times x$ or $2 \times 3x^2$ or $6x^2$ or $(x + 10)(3x + 20)$
	$6x^2 = 3x^2 + 50x + 200$		3	
				A1 Dependent on at least M1
19. (b)	(3x+10)(x-20) (=0)			M2 or $x = \frac{50 \pm \sqrt{2500 + 2400}}{6}$
(0)	Marks can be awarded in b) if seen in a)			If not M2 then M1 for $(3x \pm 10)(x \pm 20)$
				or $x = \frac{-50 \pm \sqrt{-50^2 - 4x3x - 200}}{2x3}$ condone 1 sign
				error
		x = 20		
	20 x 3 x 20			A1 dep on M1 in b). Ignore negative root (–
		1200	5	3.3 rec)
				M1
				A1 dep on 1 st M1 in b)
				Total 8 marks

20.		2 a oe	1	B1
(a) (i)				
20.		$2\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$ oe	1	B1
(a)				
(ii)		-		
20.		$-\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$ oe	1	B1
(a)				
(iii) 20.				
20. (b)	$PN = \mathbf{a} + \frac{1}{3} ("-\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}")$			M1ft from (a)(iii) i.e. a valid path from P to
(0)	$\frac{PN}{PN} = \mathbf{a} + \frac{1}{3} (\text{``-a + b'')}$ $\frac{PN}{PN} = 2\mathbf{a}/3 + \mathbf{b}/3 \{= 1/3 (2\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b})\}$			N, or N to P, using lower case letters.
	110 - 203 + 035 (-175 (20 + 0))	_ → _ →		- , , ,
		stating $PN = PR/3$	2	A1 Arrows not necessary. Dependent on M1
				Alt
	$\frac{NR}{NR} = \frac{2}{3} ((-\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}') + 2\mathbf{a})$ $\frac{1}{NR} = 4\mathbf{a}/3 + 2\mathbf{b}/3 \{= \frac{2}{3} (2\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b})\}$			M1ft from (a)(iii) i.e. a valid path from N to
	$\overline{NR} = 4\mathbf{a}/3 + 2\mathbf{b}/3 \{= 2/3 (2\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b})\}$			R, or R to N, using lower case letters.
		\rightarrow \rightarrow		
		stating $NR = 2PR/3$		A1 Arrows not necessary. Dependent on M1
				$\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$
				NB: If both <i>PN</i> and <i>NR</i> worked out correctly,
				award M1A1
				for stating $2PN = NR$ or stating or showing
				PN + NR = PR
				Total 5 marks

PMT

21.	$\sqrt{(16^2 + 10^2)}$ (=18.9 or better)			M1 or M2 for $\sqrt{(8^2 + 5^2)}$ (=9.43 or better)
	"18.867" ÷ 2 (=9.433)			M1 dep on previous M1
	$\tan "x" = 15/ "9.433"$			M1 dep on M2
		57.8	4	A1 57.832 awrt 57.8
				Total 4 marks

					TOTAL = 100 marks
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